Flexible Equity

STRATEGY FACT SHEET

Fourth Quarter 2017



WHY INVEST IN BROWN ADVISORY FLEXIBLE EQUITY?

A flexible approach to finding quality businesses. Managers Hutch Vernon and Maneesh Bajaj scour the entire U.S. Equity universe, from large-cap to small-cap and from growth to value, seeking compelling long-term investments. We believe that a strategy that casts a wide net for strong businesses with shareholder-oriented management teams that allocate capital

well has the potential to outperform more

A keen eye for "bargain moments". The managers seek to invest in firms that are built to last, but look for lowentry prices that may arise from short-term investor sentiment or temporary

term investor sentiment or temporary challenges from a company or industry. This sort of price recovery potential is an important component of the managers' stock selection process.

Portfolio Manager/Associate Portfolio Manager: R. Hutchings Vernon, CFA; Maneesh Bajaj, CFA Benchmark: S&P500® Index

PERFORMANCE (% AS OF 12/31/2017)

constrained strategies over time.

	3 MOS.	1 YR.	3 YR.	5 YR.	10 YR.
Inst. Flexible Equity Composite (Gross of Fees)	7.46	25.03	10.40	16.08	9.97
Inst. Flexible Equity Composite (Net of Fees)	7.37	24.67	10.00	15.66	9.43
S&P 500 [®] Index	6.64	21.83	11.41	15.79	8.50

TOP 10 PORTFOLIO HOLDINGS %

Visa, Inc.	5.7
Berkshire Hathaway, Inc. CI B	5.2
Alphabet. Inc. (Class A & C)#	4.9
Mastercard, Inc.	4.2
Wells Fargo & Co.	4.0
Charles Schwab Corp.	3.5
Apple, Inc.	3.3
JPMorgan Chase & Co.	3.3
Microsoft Corp.	3.2
Lowe's Companies, Inc.	3.2

SECTOR BREAKDOWN (%)	REP. ACCT	INDEX
Consumer Discretionary	14.2	12.1
Consumer Staples	3.9	8.2
Energy	4.5	6.1
Financials	28.1	14.8
Health Care	8.0	13.8
Industrials	7.5	10.3
Information Technology	32.1	23.8
Materials		3.0
Real Estate	1.8	2.9
Telecommunication Services		2.1
Utilities		2.9

Source: FactSet®. *Alphabet, Inc. represents a 2.1% holding position in Class A shares of the stock and 2.8% holding position in Class C shares of the stock. The portfolio information provided is based on a representative Brown Advisory Flexible Equity account as of 12/31/2017. Sector breakdown and portfolio characteristics exclude cash and equivalents; top 10 portfolio holdings include cash and equivalents. Sectors are based on the Global Industry Classification Standard (GICS®) classification system. The information provided in this material is not intended to be and should not be considered to be a recommendation or suggestion to engage in or refrain from a particular course of action or to make or hold a particular investment or pursue a particular investment strategy, including whether or not to buy, sell, or hold any of the securities mentioned. It should not be assumed that investments in such securities have been or will be profitable. Composite performance shown abve is based on the Brown Advisory Institutional Flexible Equity Composite, managed by Brown Advisory Institutional. Brown Advisory Institutional is a GIPS compliant firm. Returns greater than one year are annualized. Past performance is not indicative of future results. Please see the Brown Advisory Institutional Flexible Equity Composite performance disclosure on the reverse side for additional information and a complete list of terms and definitions. Numbers may not total due to rounding.

STRATEGY PROFILE AS OF 12/31/2017

BENCHMARK

S&P500®Index

STRATEGY

\$5.3billion

VEHICLES AVAILABLE

Separately Managed Account (SMA) Model Only Mutual Fund Collective Investment Trust (CIT)

CHARACTERISTICS AS OF 12/31/2017

	0 0		
	FLEXIBLE IEQUITY REP. ACCT.	S&P 500 INDEX	
Wtd. Avg. Market Cap.	\$226.3 B	\$196.7 B	
Weighted Median Market Cap.	\$94.4B	\$94.4 B	
P/E Ratio (FY2 Est.)	19.0x	18.1x	
Price/Book Value	3.3x	3.2x	
Earnings Growth (3-5 Yr. Est.)	13.7%	12.0%	
Return on Equity (ROE)	22.5%	19.3%	
Active Share	73.6%		
Portfolio Turnover (3-yr. avg.)	18.7%		

PORTFOLIO MANAGER PROFILE

R. HUTCHINGS VERNON, CFA

Hutch Vernon is the portfolio manager for the Flexible Equity strategy. Prior to joining the firm, he was the chief investment officer and portfolio manager for Alex. Brown Investment Management. Hutch also held a portfolio manager and research analyst position with T. Rowe Price Associates, Legg Mason and Wachovia Bank. He earned his BA degree from the University of Virginia in 1982.

MANEESH BAJAJ, CFA

Maneesh Bajaj is an associate portfolio manager for the Flexible Equity strategy. Prior to joining the firm, he was a strategy consultant at McKinsey & Co., New York. He also worked in Corporate Value Consulting at Standard & Poor's and in design and development of telecommunication networks at Primus Telecommunications.



About Brown Advisory

Brown Advisory is a leading independent investment firm that offers a wide range of solutions to institutions, corporations, nonprofits, families and individuals. Our mission is to make a material and positive difference in the lives of our clients by providing them first-rate investment performance, customized strategic advice and the highest level of personalized service.

We follow a philosophy that low-turnover, concentrated portfolios derived from sound bottom-up fundamental research provide an opportunity for attractive performance results over time. We have a culture and firm equity ownership structure that help us attract and retain professionals who share those beliefs, and we follow a repeatable investment process that helps us stay true to our philosophy.

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Brown Advisory Institutional Flexible Equity

Year	Composite TotalGross Returns (%)	Composite TotalNet Returns (%)	BenchmarkReturns(%)	Composite 3-Yr Annualized Standard Deviation (%)	Benchmark 3-Yr Annualized Standard Deviation (%)	Portfolios in Composite at End of Year	Composite Dispersion(%)	Composite Assets (\$USD Millions)	GIPS Firm Assets (\$USD Millions)
2016	9.9	9.5	12.0	12.1	10.6	51	0.2	2,831	30,417
2015	-2.0	-2.4	1.4	11.1	10.5	56	0.2	3,147	43,746
2014	14.0	13.5	13.7	9.2	9.0	49	0.2	3,195	44,772
2013	37.5	36.9	32.4	11.9	11.9	44	0.4	2,247	40,739
2012	19.9	19.5	16.0	14.6	15.1	40	0.3	1,818	26,794
2011	5.8	5.4	2.1	18.5	18.7	43	1.1	1,714	19,962
2010	11.1	10.3	15.1	22.7	21.9	45	0.7	1,811	16,859
2009	37.1	36.0	26.5	21.3	19.6	48	3.4	1,905	11,058
2008	-36.5	-37.0	-37.0	16.6	15.1	51	1.9	1,541	8,547
2007	-6.7	-7.4	5.5	8.3	7.7	84	1.9	4,070	N/A

^{*} Returns prior to 2008 were earned at ABIM, therefore firm assets are not applicable

Brown Advisory Institutional claims compliance with the Global Investment Performance Standards (GIPS®) and has prepared and presented this report in compliance with the GIPS standards. Brown Advisory Institutional has been independently verified for the periods from January 1, 1993 through December 31, 2016. The Verification reports are available upon request. Verification assesses whether (1) the firm has complied with all the composite construction requirements of the GIPS standards on a firm-wide basis and (2) the firm's policies and procedures are designed to calculate and present performance in compliance with the GIPS standards. Verification does not ensure the accuracy of any specific composite presentation. GIPS® is a registered trademark

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 1. For the purpose of complying with the GIPS standards, the firm is defined as Brown Advisory Institutional, the Institutional and Balanced Institutional asset management divisions of Brown Advisory. As of July 1, 2016, the firm was redefined to exclude the Brown Advisory Private Client division, due to an evolution of the three distinct business lines.
- The Institutional Flexible Equity Composite includes all actual, discretionary, institutional accounts with a flexible value equity objective of 100%. The strategy seeks bargains in "value" as well as "growth" stocks and invests primarily in the common stock of domestic companies with market capitalizations greater than \$2 billion at the time of purchase. This composite has been examined for the periods from July 1, 2008 through December 31, 2009. The examination reports are available upon request. As of January 1, 2013, the minimum account market value required for composite inclusion is \$1.5 million. Prior to August 2013 the name of this composite was Institutional Flexible Value. The strategy remains the same Prior to January 1, 2000, this composite consisted of accounts based on their tax-exempt status, which would have included individual IRAs and excluded taxable corporation assets. Subsequent to January 1, 2000, the composite was redefined to
- $include all \, institution a laccounts \, regardless \, of \, taxable \, status. \, Rates \, of \, return for \, taxable \, accounts \, may \, vary \, due \, to \, tax \, considerations$
- As of January 1, 1993, the composite calculation weights accounts based on assets under management. Previously, accounts were weighted on an equal basis in the composite calculation.
- This composite was created in 1985.
- The benchmark is the S&P 500@ Index. The S&P 500 Index is a capitalization-weighted index of 500 stocks that is designed to measure performance of the broad domestic economy through changes in the aggregate market value of 500 stocks representing all major industries. Index returns assume reinvestment of dividends and do not reflect any fees or expenses. An investor cannot invest directly into an index. Benchmark returns are not covered by the report of the independent verifiers. Standard & Poor's, S&P @, and S&P 500@ are registered trademarks of Standard & Poor's Financial Services LLC ("S&P"), a subsidiary of S&P Global Inc.
- The dispersion of annual returns is measured by the equal weighted standard deviation of portfolio returns, From January 2000, through December 2008, dispersion is calculated using the asset-weighted standard deviation of the annual gross returns of those accounts included in the composite for the full year.
- Between October 2006 and December 2008, a significant cash flow policy was adopted for this composite. A significant cash flow is defined as a singleflow of cash or securities of more than 25% of the portfolio's market value at prior month end. Accounts with significant cash flows are excluded from the composite for a grace period, defined as the month during which the flow occurred. Additional information regarding significant cash flow policies are available upon request.
- Gross-of-fees performance returns are presented before management fees but after all trading commissions, and gross of foreign withholding taxes (if applicable). Net-of-fee performance returns reflect the deduction of actual management fees and all trading commissions. Other expenses can reduce returns to investors. Prior to 2011, net performance is based on a model fee using the highest fee in effect. Actual fees may vary, depending on, among other things, the applicable fee schedule and portfolio size. The highest applicable fee schedule is as follows: 0.60% on the first \$25 million; 0.50% on the next \$25 million; 0.45% on the next \$50 million; and 0.40% on the balance over \$100 million. Further information regarding investment advisory fees is described in Part II A of the firm's form ADV. Actual fees paid by accounts in the composite may differ from the current fee schedule
- The three-year annualizedex- post standard deviation measures the variability of the composite (using gross returns) and the benchmark for the 36-month period ended on December 31. Valuations and performance returns are computed and stated in U.S. Dollars. All returns reflect the reinvestment of income and other earnings.
- A complete list of composite descriptions, policies for valuing portfolios, calculating performance, and preparing compliant presentations are available upon request.
- Past performance does not indicate future results.
- Tast per formal reconstructions from a particular research. This piece is provided for informational purposes only and should not be construed as a research report, a recommendation or suggestion to engage in or refrain from a particular course of action or to make or hold a particular investment or pursue a particular investment strategy, including whether or not to buy, sell or hold any of the securities mentioned, including any mutual fund managed by Brown Advisory.

Terms and Definitions for Representative Account Calculations

All financial statistics and ratios are calculated using information from FactSet as of the report date unless otherwise noted. FactSet® is a registered trademark of FactSetResearch Systems, Inc. The Global Industry Classification Standard (GICS) was developed the exclusive property of MSCI and Standard & Poor's. "Global Industry Classification Standard (GICS), "GICS" and "GICS Direct" are service marks of Standard & Poor's and MSCI. "GICS" is a trademark of MSCI and Standard & Poor's. Capitalization refers to the aggregate value of a company's publicly traded stock. Statistics are calculated as follows: Weighted Average: the average of each holding's market cap, weighted by its relative position size in the portfolio (in such a weighting scheme, larger positions have a greater influence on the calculation); Weighted Median: the value at which half the portfolio's market capitalization weight falls above and half falls below. Price-Earnings Ratio (P/E Ratio) is the ratio of the share of a company's stock compared to its per-share earnings. P/E calculations presented use FY2 earnings estimates; FY1 estimates refer to the next unreported fiscal year, and FY2 estimates refer to the fiscal year following FY1. **Price to Book Value** is a valuation ratio expressing the price of a security compared to its hard, or tangible, book value as reported in the company's balance sheet. The tangible book value number is equal to the company's total book value ess the value of any intangible assets. Intangible assets. can be such items as patents, intellectual property, goodwill etc. Earnings Growth 3-5 Year Estimate is the average predicted annual earnings growth over the next three to five years based on estimates provided to Factset by various outside brokers, calculated according to each broker's methodology. ROE, or Return on Equity, is equal to a company's net income for a full fiscal year, divided by total shareholder equity. All of the above ratios for a portfolio are expressed as a weighted average of the relevant ratios of each portfolio holdings, EXCEPT for P/E ratios, which are expressed as a weighted harmonic average. Active Share is calculated by taking the sum of the absolute value of the differences of the weight of each holding in the manager's portfolio versus the weight of each holding in the benchmark index and dividing by two. Portfolio Turnover (3 yr. avg.) is the ratio of the lesser of the portfolio's aggregate purchases or sales during a given period, divided by the average value of the portfolio during that period, calculated on a monthly basis